



Calcifediol

Calcifediol is used to treat secondary hyperparathyroidism (a condition in which the body produces too much parathyroid hormone [PTH; a natural substance needed to control the amount of calcium in the blood) in certain adults with chronic kidney disease (condition in which the kidneys stop working slowly and gradually).

Calcifediol is in a class of medications called vitamin D analogs. It works by helping the body to use more of the calcium found in foods or supplements and by regulating the body's production of parathyroid hormone.

Calcifediol is also sometimes used to treat osteomalacia (weakening and softening of the bones) due to liver disease

Calcifediol is our proposal for:

- Vitamin D deficiency
- Renal osteodystrophy
- Hypocalcemia in renal failure
- Bone problems induced by corticosteroids or anticonvulsants
- Malabsorption syndrome
- Osteoporosis
- Osteomalacia

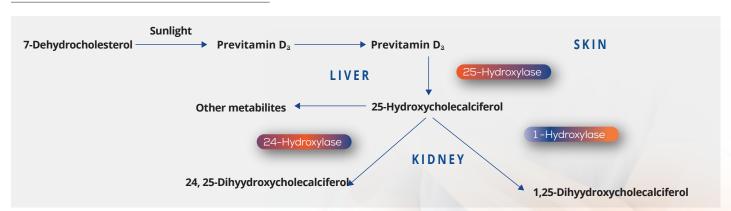
Benefits

- √ 4 to 5 times more effective than Cholecalciferol
- √ Faster and 3-6 more powerful

7-Dehydrocholesterol 1,25-Dihydroxycholecalciferol OH HO Vitamin D₃

Where 25-Hydroxycholecalciferol is Calcifediol and 1,25-Dihydroxycholecalciferol is Calcitriol. Vit. D3 is not active invivo and needs to be hydroxylated twice to become active (Calcitriol). Calcifediol solves the problem in cases of difficult or poor D3-D2 metabolism, and/or intake because D3 absorption may also be affected by other factors like Calcium excess, Deficit of Vit.K or hyper/hypoparathyroidism.

Scheme for Vit. D3 metabolism:



Suitable for:







Lactose Intolerants

Celiacs

