



PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product	VAX-ID® 2200
Description	Single-use needle-based syringe adaptor for reliable drug delivery in the dermal layer of the skin with a high ease of use. VAX-ID® can be preconfigured with a 32G, 30G, or 27G needle with a predefined penetration depth. The adaptor should be sterilized before use.
Materials	Polypropylene (PP) and Stainless Steel (needle)
Dimensions	40 x 29 x 17 mm (Device) 150 x 75 x 17 mm (Pouch)
Weight	± 4 grams
Intended User	Professional medical care trained personnel (e.g. nurse, doctor, pharmacist...)
Intended Population	All ages and populations
Indications for use	Intradermal injection of approved medical substances
Registration	VAX-ID® is available for investigational use/research purposes only

DEVICE CONFIGURATIONS

	Needle Gauge	REF. Number	Average Injection Depth	Needle Tip Length
VAX-ID® 2200 32G	32G	D00037	0.49mm	0.85mm- 1.10mm
VAX-ID® 2200 30G	30G	D00036	0.62mm	1.15mm- 1.40mm
VAX-ID® 2200 27G	27G	D00035	0.81mm	1.55mm- 1.80mm

MATERIALS RECOMMENDED FOR USE THAT ARE NOT PROVIDED WITH THE DEVICE

Draw Needle	Commercially available draw needle E.g. BD Microlance 23Gx1"
Small volume syringe with luer slip tip	Commercially available 1.0 mL syringe with luer slip tip E.g. HSW Soft-Ject, Low Dead Space or Bbraun Injekt®-F Luer Solo
Liquids to be injected	Water-like viscosity substances with Newtonian behavior



VAX-ID® 2200

PACKAGING, STORAGE, AND SHELF-LIFE

Packaging	Boxes of 100 devices
Materials	See-through pouch of medical grade PET/PP foil and paper
Storage	Recommended temperature: 10-30°C Dry environment No direct sunlight Without large temperature fluctuations
Shelf-life	One year after sterilization



WARNINGS AND CONTRAINDICATIONS

Warning	Do not reuse
Warning	Do not use if the package is damaged
Contraindication	Do not use on wounds, scars, nor damaged skin
Adverse events	Intradermal injections may be associated with transient local skin reactions including local pain, edema, erythema, itching, hardening, peeling, discoloration at the injection site, most likely related to the injected substance, and not the device

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

